## Countries from which scientists can obtain SCOR support through SCOR's program of funding for ocean science meetings

Individuals from the following countries are eligible to receive support for their travel to ocean science meetings approved by SCOR. Individuals seeking support should apply directly to meeting organizers, not to SCOR. Meetings supported are listed at https://scor-int.org/work/capacity/travel-grants/. Travel support is through a grant to SCOR from the U.S. National Science Foundation and thus is provided within U.S. government grant requirements.

Afghanistan Dominican Republic

Albania Ecuador

Algeria Egypt, Arab Rep.
Angola El Salvador
Antigua and Barbuda Equatorial Guinea

Argentina Eritrea Armenia Eswatini Azerbaijan Ethiopia Bahamas Fiji Bangladesh Gabon Barbados Gambia, The Belarus Georgia Belize Ghana Benin Grenada

Bhutan Guatemala Bolivia Guinea

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Botswana

Brazil

Burkina Faso

Burundi

Cabo Verde

Guinea-Bissau

Guyana

Haiti

Honduras

India

Indonesia

Cambodia Iran, Islamic Rep.

Cameroon Iraq
Central African Republic Jamaica
Chad Jordan
China Kazakhstan
Colombia Kenya
Cook Islands Kiribati

Comoros Korea, Dem. People's Rep.

Congo, Dem. Rep. Kosovo

Congo, Rep. Kyrgyz Republic

Costa Rica Lao PDR
Côte d'Ivoire Lebanon
Cuba Lesotho
Djibouti Liberia
Dominica Libya

MadagascarSerbiaMalawiSeychellesMalaysiaSierra LeoneMaldivesSolomon Islands

Mali Somalia
Marshall Islands South Africa
Mauritania South Sudan
Mauritius Sri Lanka
Mexico St. Lucia

Micronesia, Fed. Sts. St. Vincent and the Grenadines

Moldova Sudan Mongolia Suriname

Montenegro Syrian Arab Republic

Morocco Tajikistan
Mozambique Tanzania
Myanmar Thailand
Namibia Timor-Leste

Nauru Togo Nepal Tonga

Nicaragua Trinidad and Tobago

Niger Tunisia
Nigeria Türkiye

Niue Turkmenistan North Macedonia Tuvalu

Pakistan Uganda
Palau Ukraine
Papua New Guinea Uzbekistan
Paraguay Vanuatu
Peru Venezuela
Philippines Vietnam

Rwanda West Bank and Gaza

Saint Kitts and Nevis

Samoa

Zambia

São Tomé and Principe

Zimbabwe

Senegal

This list includes countries ranked by the World Bank as having "low income", "lower-middle income", and "upper-middle income", based on gross national income (GNI) per capita (<a href="http://data.worldbank.org/about/country-classifications/country-and-lending-groups">http://data.worldbank.org/about/country-classifications/country-and-lending-groups</a>). The World Bank classifications, in some cases, include regions of countries as separate entities and we follow the same convention. Some Small Island Developing States (<a href="https://www.un.org/ohrlls/content/list-sids">https://www.un.org/ohrlls/content/list-sids</a>) classified by the World Bank as High-Income Economies are included on the list because their GNIs are inflated by tourism income that may not be allocated to ocean science education. Updated: 26 September 2024